NINA GOODRICH

Director, GreenBlue & Sustainable Packaging Coalition

The State of Sustainability or Moving Towards a Circular Economy Together

Plymouth, Michigan/ May 3, 2016 / Governors Recycling Summit



What is SPC's/ GreenBlue's Role?

use wisely

sustainable materials management

recover more

- Influence the Debate
- Provide Education
- Enhance Supply Chain Collaboration
- Create Action

Working *together* to broaden the understanding of packaging sustainability, develop meaningful improvements

Reports

Packaging design tools

Educational courses

Conferences

Consulting



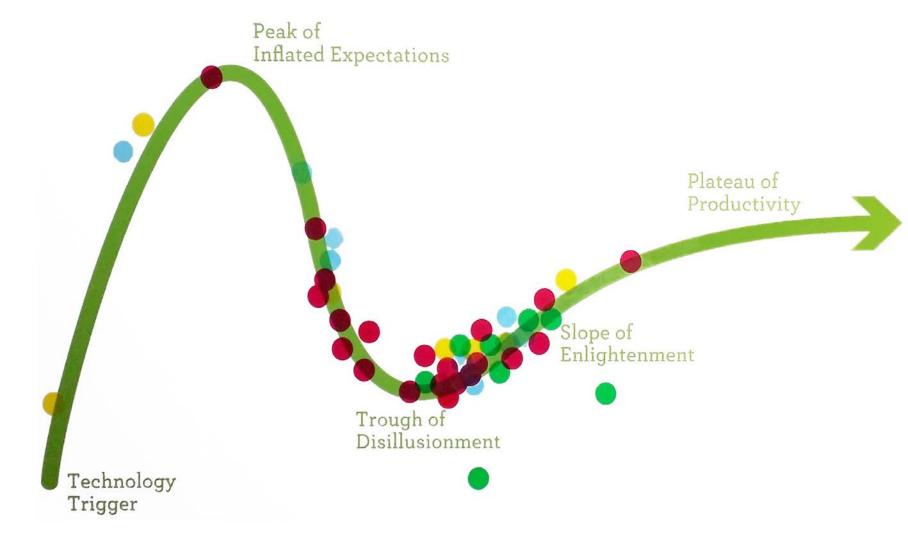








State of Sustainability March 27, 2014





State of Green Business 2015

"Companies collectively have been nibbling at the edges of challenges like climate change, food security, ecosystems preservation, resource efficiency and the like. Whether and how they take on the big problems will be another critical story to watch."



"Recent improvements in resource efficiency, although welcome, are not enough to break the link between economic growth and environmental decay. As a result, the business risks of unsustainable natural capital consumption are increasing."



State of Green Business 2016

"If ever there was an inflection point in the world of sustainable business, it took place in December in Paris... For the first time, the world seems on an inexorable course to transform business as usual."



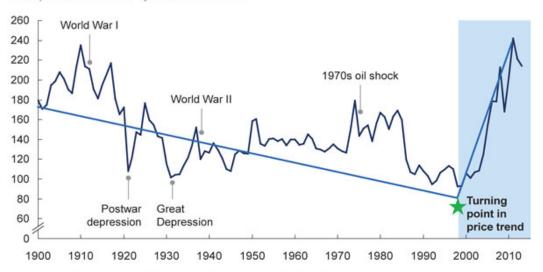
"Still, the question remains: Are companies truly stepping up their efforts to address the full range of sustainability impacts, or is it just a few leaders? ... Whatever the answer, the outcomes of COP21 mean that the pace of change will likely accelerate during the latter part of the decade."



Resource Consumption & GDP

Resource prices have increased significantly since the turn of the century

McKinsey Commodity Price Index¹
Real price index: 100 = years 1999–2001²



¹ Based on arithmetic average of four commodity sub-indexes: food, non-food agricultural raw materials, metals, and energy.

SOURCE: Grilli and Yang; Pfaffenzeller; World Bank; International Monetary Fund; Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development statistics; Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations; UN Comtrade; McKinsey Global Institute analysis

"For every 1% increase in GDP, resource use has risen 0.4%"

("The Circular Advantage." Accenture analysis based on data from SERI and Dittrich M. 2014.Global Material Flow Database. World Bank GDP data, www.data.worldbank.org/)

Commodity prices have historically been inversely related to growth, but this relationship changed in 2000.

(World Bank commodity price data)

² Data for 2013 are calculated based on average of the first three months of 2013.

How to turn sustainability into a billion-dollar business

"The biggest barrier to adoption of sustainable practices, though, is lack of knowledge of how it can be done profitably."

"Many businesses have tried and failed with "green" or "eco-friendly" products, and they've given up because they assume that "green doesn't sell."

"That's why the Green Giants are so exciting. They prove that addressing sustainability and social good need not be in conflict with delivering shareholder value; in fact, sustainability and social good can drive it."



Freya WilliamsCEO, Futerra North
America



"The Green Giants bring the debate into the present tense; it's not just that it could be done but that it has been and is being done—here and now."

Green Giants:

- Make it better, not just greener (built in not bolted on)
- Disruptive innovation
- A higher purpose
- Mainstream appeal
- Transparency (action not advertising)
 Chipotle Unilever Whole Foods Market Natura Tesla IKEA(sustainable life at home) GE(Ecomagination) Nike(Flyknit) Toyota(Prius)





Freya Williams
CEO, Futerra North
America







Defining the Competitive and Financial Advantages of Corporate Responsibility and Sustainability

CR's potential value for market value, share price, and risk reduction			
Increase market value by up to: 4-6%	Over a 15 year period, increase shareholder value by: USD \$1.28 billion	Increase valuation for companies with strong stakeholder relationships: 40-80%	
Reduce the cost of equity by: 1%	Reduce share price volatility: 2-10%	Avoid market losses from crises: USD \$378 million	
Reduce systematic risk by: 4%		Reduce the cost of debt by: 40% or more	



What is Changing the Conservation:

- Recognition that sustainability is good for business
- Understanding that being less bad is not good enough
- The easy wins where sustainability is aligned with cost savings are more challenging to find.
- The recognition that sustainability needs to be embedded into the business strategy not tacked on.
- Desire for transparency
- Big Data
- The Circular Economy

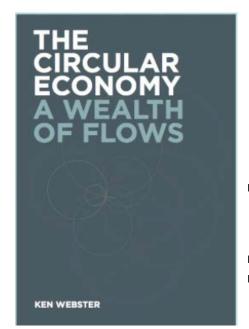


How might we break the link between economic growth and environmental decay?

How might we create sustainable and regenerative growth engines for the future?

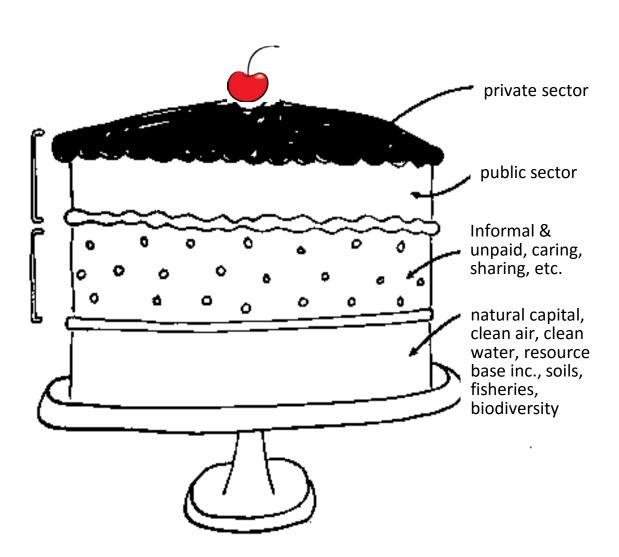


Economy as a three-layered cake (with icing)



monetized

nonmonetized



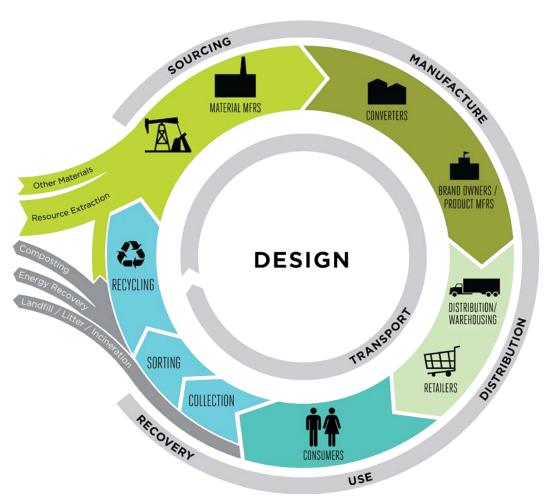


Webster, Ken. *Circular Economy a Wealth of Flows*. 2015. P 113. Henderson, Hazel. *Paradigms in progress*. 1991.

What is a Circular Economy?

A circular economy is an industrial system that is restorative or regenerative by intention and design.

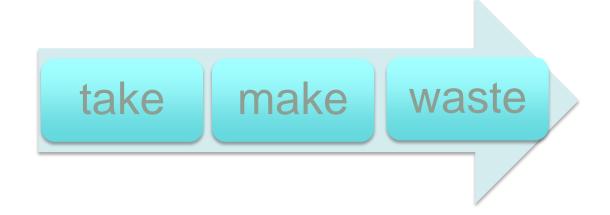
McKinsey and Accenture have estimated this to be a trillion-dollar opportunity





Why Circular?

- Economic Opportunity
- Resource Preservation
- Regenerative Business Models
- Because We Must





Examples



- Shift to renewable energy and materials
- Reclaim, retain, and restore health of ecosystems
- Return recovered biological resources to the biosphere



P-REX



BERDROLA





REgenerate



- Share assets (e.g. cars, rooms, appliances)
- Reuse/secondhand
- Prolong life through maintenance. design for durability, upgradability, etc.













- Increase performance/efficiency of product
- Remove waste in production and supply chain
- Leverage big data, automation, remote sensing and steering













Virtualise



- Remanufacture products or components
- Recycle materials
- Digest anaerobic
- Extract biochemicals from organic waste

Books, music, travel, online shopping,

autonomous vehicles etc.



























- Replace old with advanced non-renewable materials
- Apply new technologies (e.g. 3D printing)
- Choose new product/service (e.g. multimodal transport)











McKinsey's "REsolve" framework, which isolates six strategies to incorporate circular economy concepts into a business.



Circular economy - an industrial system that is restorative and regenerative by design

Renewables flow management

PRINCIPLE 1

Preserve and enhance natural capital by controlling finite stocks and balancing renewable resource flows ReSOLVE levers: regenerate, virtualise, exchange





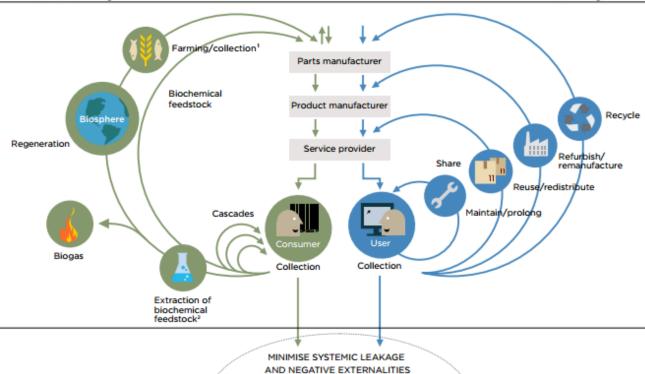
Regenerate Substitute materials Virtualise Restore

Stock management

·

PRINCIPLE 2

Optimise resource yields by circulating products, components and materials in use at the highest utility at all times in both technical and biological cycles ReSOLVE levers: regenerate, share, optimise, loop



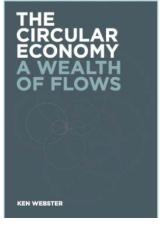
PRINCIPLE 3

Foster system effectiveness by revealing and designing out negative externalities
All ReSOLVE levers

SOURCE: Ellen MacArthur Foundation, SUN and McKinsey Center for Business and Environment, Growth Within: A Circular Economy Vision for a Competitive Europe (2015). Drawing from Braungart & McDonough, Cradle to Cradle (C2C).

¹ Hunting and fishing

² Can take both post-harvest and post-consumer waste as an input





The smaller the loop (activity-wise and geographically) the more profitable and resource efficient it is.



Loops have no beginning and no end.



The speed of the circular flows is crucial: the efficiency of managing stock in the circular economy increases with a decreasing flow speed.



Continued ownership is cost efficient: reuse, repair and remanufacture without a change of ownership saves double transaction costs.

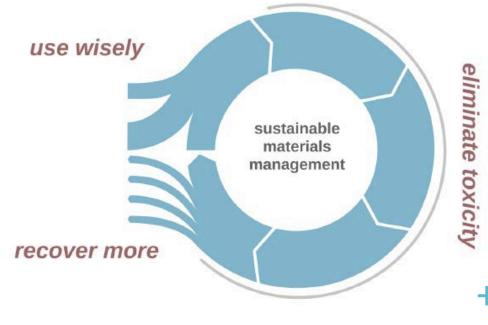


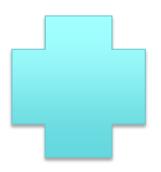


A circular economy needs functioning markets.

How Do We Get There?

Sustainable Materials Management





- +New Business Models
- +Technology Enablers
- +Policy Frameworks
- +Financial Incentives



Q: How do we get to a Circular Economy?

A: Collaboration & Partnerships





Closing the Loop on the new Ford F-150





PepsiCo and TNC started Recycle for Nature to increase recycling





Social media campaign to collect donations





Crowdsourcing to tackle social and environmental problems



New ways of counting: New ways of thinking

"Through the current weight-based accounting system, all methods of recovery are equal [when it comes to cutting emissions]. All materials are equal. All markets are equal," said David Allaway, senior policy analyst for Oregon's Department of **Environmental Quality.**

WasteDive
By <u>Arlene</u>
Karidis | April 26,
2016

Oregon will become one of the earliest adopters of life cycle analysis as they change focus.

"I think we would probably see more focus on materials that have high energy benefits from recycling, such as metal and plastics. Under this new system, aluminum will count more than a ton of glass. Recycling will count more than composting"....

(Allaway)

Key Drivers and Influencers- Sustainable Packaging 2016

Price of Oil

- Economic viability of recycling
- China Green Fence and the oversupply of virgin resin

Circular Economy

- EU Directives
- The New Plastics Economy Report
 COP21

US EPA Sustainable Materials
Management Program Strategic Plan
October 2015

- Sustainable packaging
- Food waste reduction goal
- ReFed Report

Blue Economy



COP 21

Significant opportunity for business to contribute:

- Financially
- Best Practices
- Technology Transfer

GreenBiz April 20, 2016

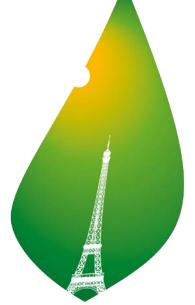
Big companies back clean power: Apple, Google, Microsoft, Amazon, Ikea, Mars

Cities and States go 100% renewable (Hawaii, San Diego)



Opportunities for:

- Energy reduction
- Support of alternative energy
- Support for recycling
- Support food waste reduction
- Support for sustainable forest management
- Zero waste to landfill

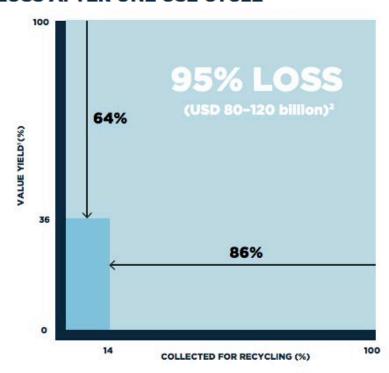


The New Plastics Economy (2016)





FIGURE 3: PLASTIC PACKAGING MATERIAL VALUE LOSS AFTER ONE USE CYCLE



1 Value yield = volume yield * price yield, where volume yield = output volumes / input volumes, and price yield = USD per tonne of reprocessed material / USD per tonne of virgin material

2 Current situation based on 14% recycling rate, 72% volume yield and 50% price yield. Total volume of plastic packaging of 78 Mt, given a weighted average price of 1,100-1,600 USD/t

Source: Expert interviews; Plastic News; Deloitte, Increased EU Plastics Recycling Targets; Environmental, Economic and Social Impact Assessment Final Report (2015); The Plastics Exchange; plasticker; EUWID; Eurostat.

World Economic Forum, Ellen MacArthur Foundation and McKinsey & Company, The New Plastics Economy-Rethinking the future of plastics. (2016, www.ellenmacarthurfoundation.org/publications).

The New Plastics Economy (2016)

Key observations:

- System Fragmentation
- "Core aspects of plastics material flows and their economics are still poorly understood"
- 95% global loss after one use equivalent to 80-120 billion
 USD

Key recommendations

- Create an effective after-use plastics economy
- Reduce Leakage
- Decouple plastics from fossil feedstocks





US EPA Sustainable Materials Management Strategic Plan (Fiscal Year 2017 – 2022)

Sustainable Materials Management (SMM)

Strategic Priorities

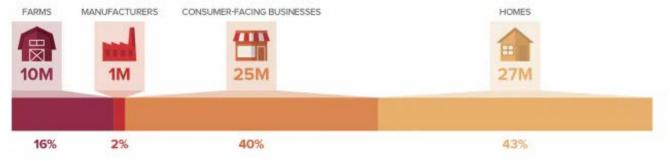
- The Built Environment
- Sustainable Food Management
 - Food waste reduction goal
- Sustainable Packaging





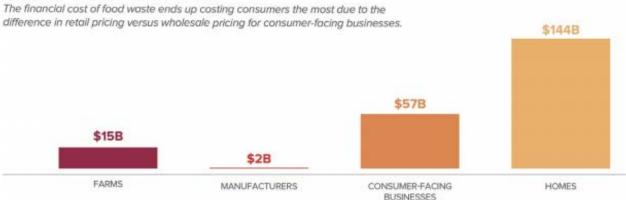
ReFED Report 2016

FOOD WASTED BY WEIGHT — 63 MILLION TONS





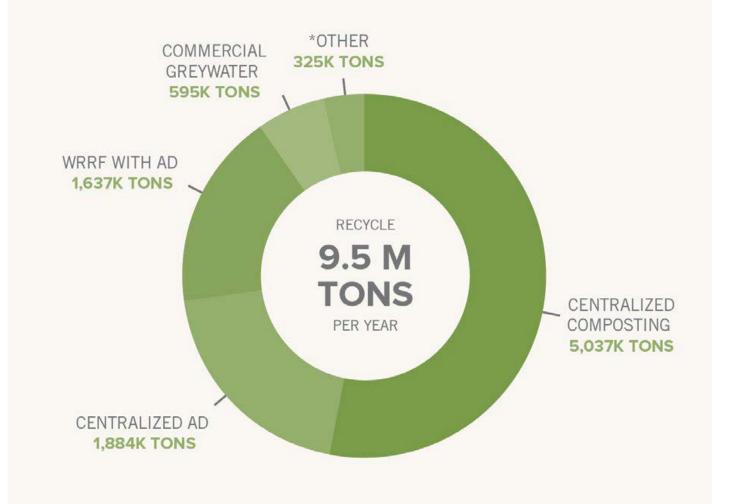
VALUE OF WASTE - \$218 BILLION



ReFED.http://www.r efed.com/downloads /ReFED_Report_201 6.pdf. 2016

ReFED Report 2016

RECYCLING SOLUTIONS DIVERSION POTENTIAL



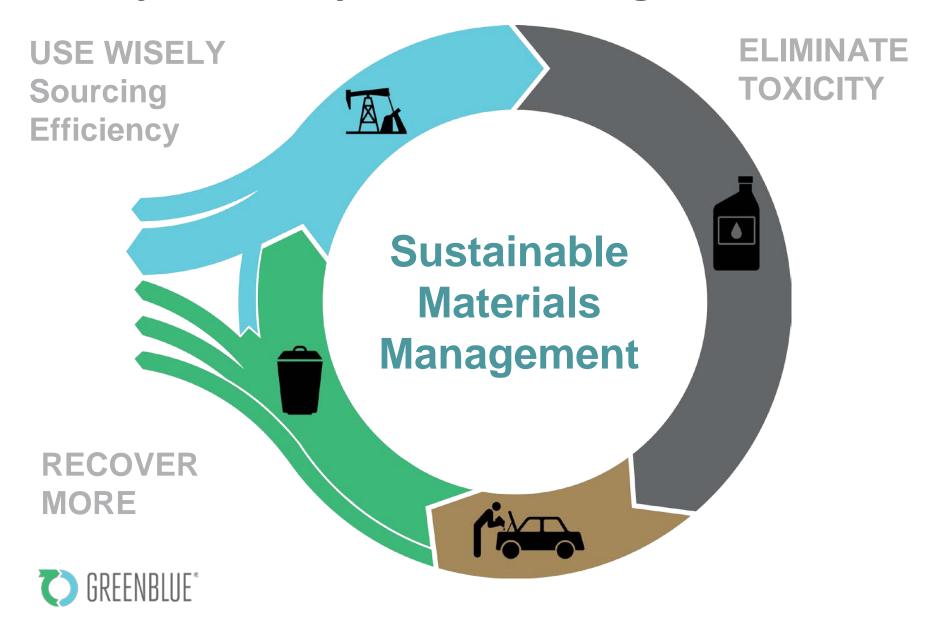
*OTHER: COMMUNITY COMPOSTING 167 TONS/YR; HOME COMPOSTING 97K TONS/YR; ANIMAL FEED 49K TONS/YR; IN-VESSEL COMPOSTING 12K TONS/YR

Landfilling FOOD WASTE Produces Methane

EPA GOAL:

Reduce food waste by 50% by 2030

Lifecycle and Systems Thinking



What do you think has the biggest impact on the footprint of a cup of coffee?

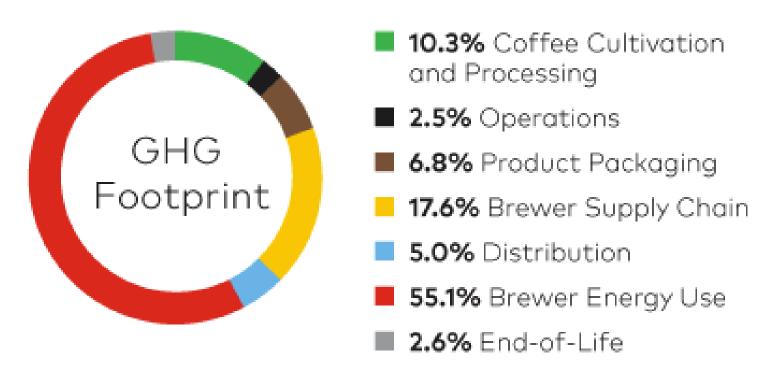
- A.) The coffee production
- B.) The packaging
- C.) The coffee brewing





Keurig's GHG Footprint & LCA

CORPORATE GHG FOOTPRINT



^{&#}x27;Percentages do not total 100% due to rounding.



• What material listed has the lowest recycling rate in America?

A.) Glass

C.) Steel

B.) Aluminum

D.) PET



• What material listed has the lowest recycling rate in America?

A.) Glass (34%)

C.) Steel (73%)

B.) Aluminum (55%)

D.) PET (31%)



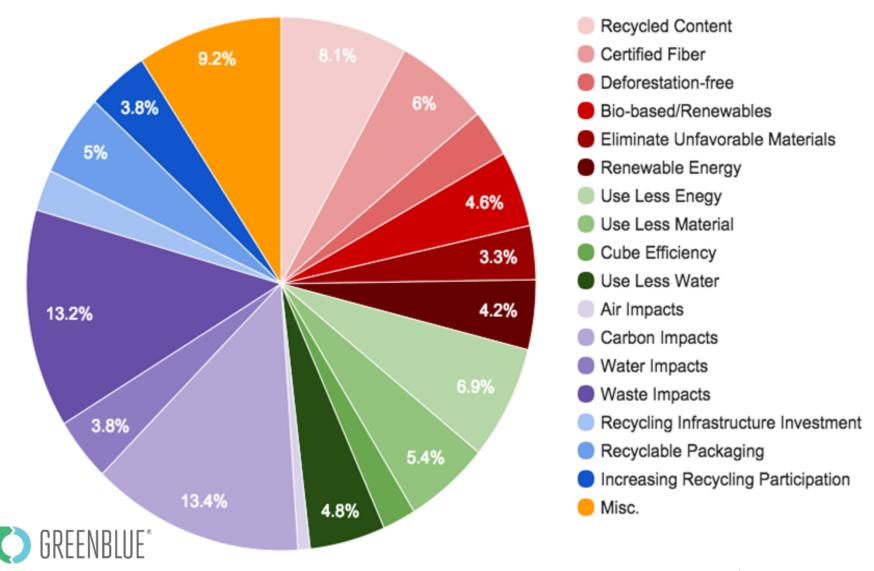
In what area does your company have Q: specific goals?

•	Increasing recyclability of packaging	40.07
•	Reducing packaging weight	43 %
•	Post-consumer recycled content usage	43 %
		39 %
	Reducing energy consumption	37 %
•	Elimination of unfavorable substance(s) or material(s)	37 %
•	Improving transportation efficiency	0.,0
•	Reducing solid waste generation	36 %
•	Biobased/renewable content usage	35 %
		31 %
•	Reducing greenhouse gas emissions	28 %
		20 /0

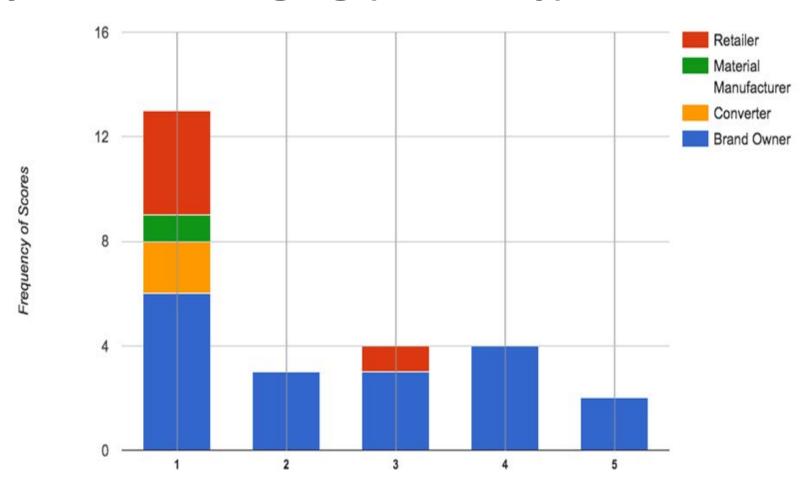


156 companies, 521 goals identified

Goal Categories



Recyclable Packaging (recovery): 26 identified

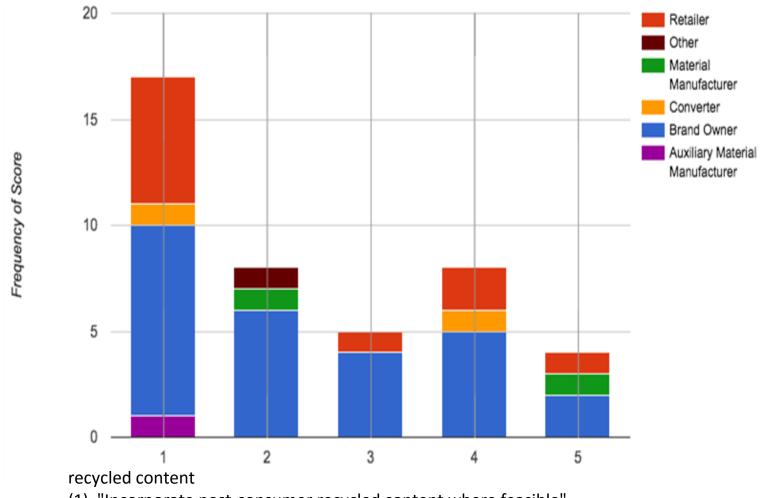


recyclable packaging

- (1) "Use only recyclable packaging materials as available and appropriate"
- (5) "By 2020, use at least 74% recyclable material in the total mass of XXX packaging in Brazil"



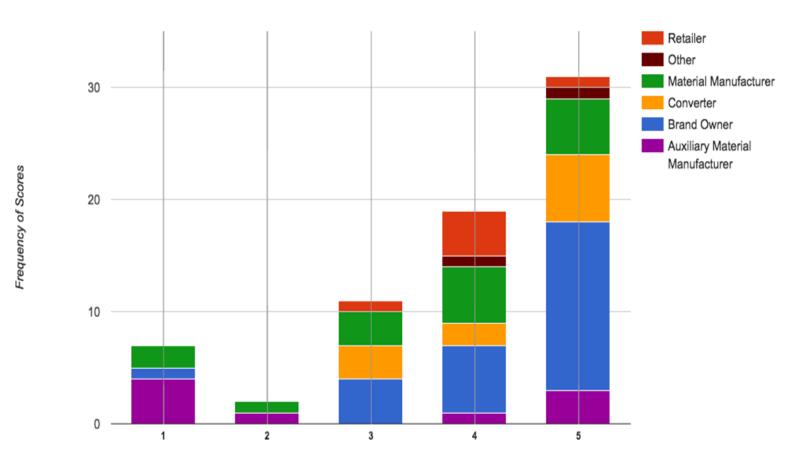
Recycled Content (sourcing): 42 identified



- (1) "Incorporate post-consumer recycled content where feasible"
- (5) "Increase the level of recycled content in our packaging by 10% by 2015, from a 2007 baseline"



Carbon Impacts: 70 identified

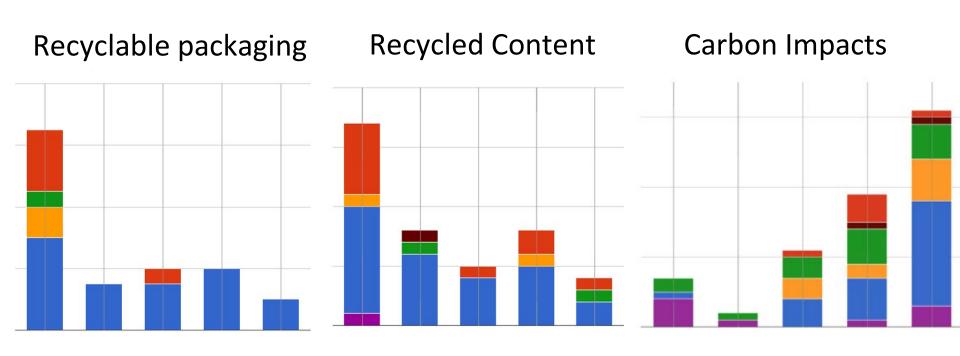


Carbon Impact Scale examples:

- (1) "We are pursuing measures to fight global warming and reduce CO2"
- (5) "Reduce total CO2 equivalent emissions by 65% per container by 2020 compared to 2007 baseline"



SPC Goals Project 2016 Findings:





Retailer

Material Manufacturer

Converter

Brand Owner

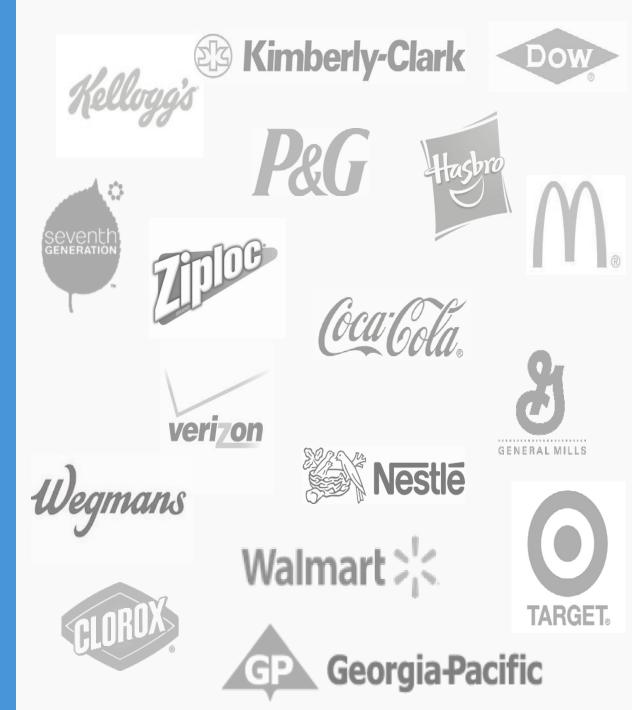
WHAT IS

How2Recycle?



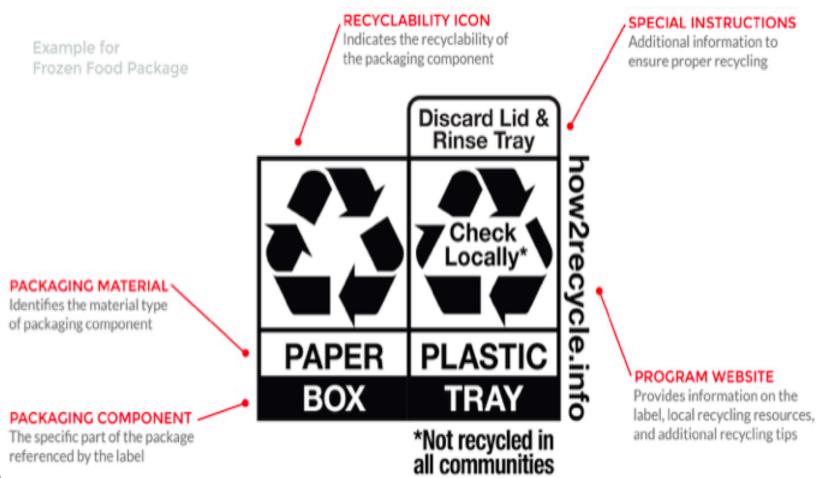


How2Recycle is a coalition of forward-thinking brands who are empowering consumers through smart packaging labels.



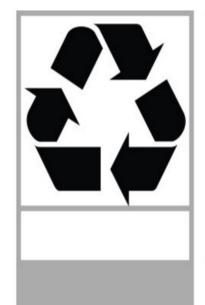


It's a smarter label system.





How2Recycle is designed with the consumer in mind.









*Not recycled in all communities

Widely Recycled

At least 60% of Americans can recycle this package at curbside recycling or drop-off recycling.

Sometimes Recycled

Between 60% and 20% of Americans can recycle this package at curbside recycling or drop-off recycling. Check your local program.

Not Yet Recycled

Either less than 20% of Americans can recycle this package, or, it could cause a problem in a recycling facility.

Store Drop-off

Anyone who lives near a store that accepts plastic bags and wraps for recycling can take this packaging to that store and recycle it there.



How2Recycle IS MAKING A DIFFERENCE

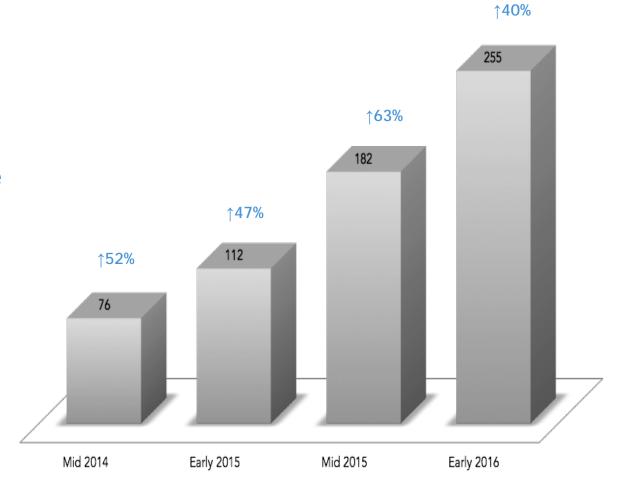
No phosphates. Full ingredient descriptions available Directions for Use: Spray directly onto garment, covering stain completely. N best results, let sit for 5 minutes prior to washing. Appropriate for use in both and standard and standard machines. Works well in all wash temperatures. Safe for use of colorfast washables. Not recommended for use on wool or silk. Test in an incomplications Safety Information: EYE AND SKIN CONTACT: If produce comes in contact with eyes or skin, flush out with wat IF SWALLOWED: Drink plenty of water and consult a physic IF INHALED: If irritation or allergic reaction occurs, standard and consumer and co immediate medical attention. Do not treat garment wearing VEED attention. wearing. KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN. Contact us: seventhgeneration.com | 800-456-1191 | info@seventhgeneration.com We dedicate 10% of our profits to organizations working for positive change. Made in USA/Manufactured for: Seventh Generation, Inc. 60 Lake Street, Burlington, VT 05401 ©2011 Seventh Generation, Inc.



83%

Of consumers learn from How2Recycle

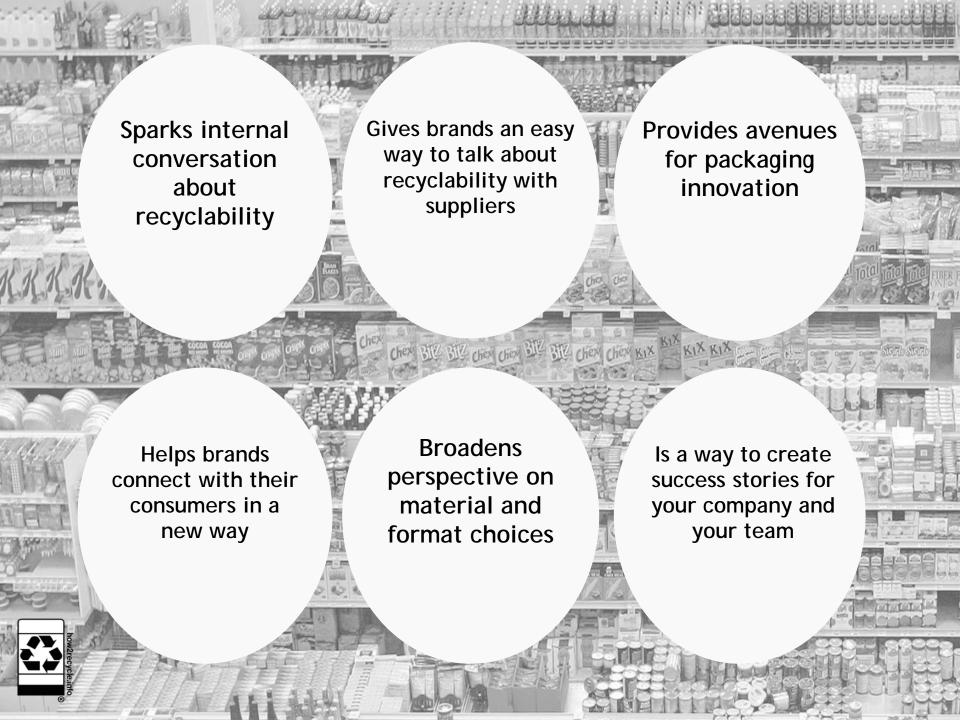
Over time, consumers tell us that How2Recycle has caused them to recycle more, and recycle more accurately.





77%

Of consumers like a company more for using How2Recycle.



WHAT IS **NEXT** FOR

How2Recycle?





ReStart the Cycle

A How2Recycle Initiative



What are the best levers to stimulate the market for recycled materials?



Recycling vs. Waste in Raleigh, North Carolina

Reality is surprising.

Material	Lbs in Waste	Lbs in Rcy	Total Lbs	
Mixed Paper	181	53	234	
Cardboard (OCC)	39	61	100	
Newspaper	35	92	127	
PET Bottles	27	18	45	
HDPE Bottles	14	11	25	
Rigid Plastics	26	1	27	
Other Plastic Containers	26	0	26	
Glass	45	112	157	
Steel	20	36	56	
Aluminum	7	5	12	
Total	420	389	810	





Recycling rates also vary wildly based on geography.

	Ral	eigh, N	0		Cary, NO		Cin	cinnati,	ОН	T	ucson, A	١Z
Material	Lbs. in Waste	Lbs. in Rcy	Total Lbs.									
Newspaper	34.5	92.1	126.6	21.6	113.7	135.3	38.4	83.9	122.3	58.1	93.7	151.8
осс	38.9	61.5	100.4	31.1	78.4	109.4	71.8	57.8	129.7	69.5	64.6	134.1
Mixed Paper	181.3	52.8	234.2	217.4	96.5	314.0	215.4	71.3	286.7	154.9	79.6	234.5
PET	27.3	17.6	44.9	21.6	22.7	44.4	38.4	16.8	55.2	15.1	18.8	33.8
HDPE	14.4	11.0	25.4	9.5	0.0	9.5	35.1	10.4	45.4	15.1	11.6	26.6
Rigid Plastics	25.9	1.0	26.9	27.0	0.0	27.0	51.8	1.6	53.4	0.0	1.8	1.8
Other Plastic Containers	25.9	0.3	26.3	29.7	18.4	48.1	60.1	3.2	63.3	94.7	3.6	98.2
Glass	44.6	112.2	156.8	64.8	125.3	190.2	58.4	92.5	151.0	49.5	103.4	152.9
Steel	20.1	35.9	56.1	20.3	14.2	34.5	25.0	10.5	35.5	21.5	11.7	33.2
Aluminum	7.2	5.0	12.2	5.4	5.5	10.9	16.7	4.1	20.8	8.6	4.6	13.2
Total	420.3	389.5	809.7	448.4	474.7	923.1	611.2	352.1	963.3	486.9	393.4	880.3

Source: Scott Mouw & Rob Taylor, NC Division of Environmental Assistance and Customer Service, Resource Recycling Conference, September 2015. ReStart the Cycle
by getting
How2Recycle on
the valuable, easy
wins.





Restart the Cycle's Focus Items

Material	Format
PET	Bottles
HDPE	Bottles
Metal	Cans
Paper	Boxes













Why do we think this will work?



67%

Of consumers assume packaging is NOT recyclable if they don't see a recycling claim on package.

57%

Of consumers look to a product's packaging first for recycling information before looking elsewhere.

Carton Council, 2016.



Remarkable Industry Collaboration Partners in the Centralized Recycling Study











Study Background

- Sponsors have come together to establish national figures for the availability of recycling programs for a wide array of materials.
- Study will evaluate availability of recycling programs generally and for over 40 individual products and packages.

Study Goals

- Standard Methodology Across Commodities
- Avoid Duplication of Efforts

 Understand Recyclability for Making Product Claims

 Availability of Recycling Programs Nationally National Metrics on Program Characteristics and Barriers to Participation





FOOD WASTE

How can compostable packaging play an important role in capturing food waste?

EPA GOAL:

Reduce food waste by 50% by 2030



*Not in backyard; Composting programs for this cup may not exist in your area.

How2Compost

COMING 2016

This is a draft label.

CONSUMER TESTING: Now

LABEL LAUNCH: Summer 2016

What is SPC's/ GreenBlue's Role?

use wisely

sustainable materials management

recover more

- Influence the Debate
- Provide Education
- Enhance Supply Chain Collaboration
- Create Action

What is Your Role?



Thank you!

Nina Goodrich Nina.Goodrich@greenblue.org

